# **GenHet Cancer Predisposition**



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### Introduction

GenHet Cancer Predisposition Panel is a multiplexed PCR-based assay for targeted enrichment of the coding (exonic) regions of the 143 genes commonly mutated in 88 inherited oncogenic diseases. One of the first genes identified as causing a familial cancer syndrome was BRCA1, which increases predisposition to breast and ovarian cancer. Families who are positive for common heritable oncogenic diseases have the opportunity for enhanced cancer surveillance, and may be able to avoid a poor prognosis if a tumor is identified early. There are many heritable diseases that significantly increase familial cancer incidence. For some of these diseases cancer incidence is the only phenotype, while other diseases have additional phenotypes. This panel includes all genes that are known to cause heritable diseases that result in cancer in at least 50% of affected individuals, as well as other genes commonly mutated in cancer. Many of these genes have key mutations annotated that predispose a person to cancer. However, there are potentially other unknown disease-causing mutations in each identified gene. This panel allows researchers to comprehensively study genes involved in heritable cancer syndromes, and was developed using a variety of resources such as OMIM® (Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man), ClinVar, dbSNP, and the Familial Cancer Database.

## **GenHet Cancer Predisposition Genes**

#### **Cancers:**

Bloom Syndrome: BLM
Carney Complex: PRKAR1A
Costello Syndrome: HRAS

Cowden Syndrome: AKT1, PIK3CA, PTEN

Fanconi Anemia: BRCA2, BRIP1, FANCA, FANCB, FANCC, FANCD2, FANCE, FANCF, FANCG, FANCI, FANCL,

FANCM, PALB2, SLX4 (BTBD12) Hereditary Desmoid Disease: APC

Li-Fraumeni Syndrome: CHEK2 (RAD53), TP53

**LIG4 Syndrome: LIG4** 

Lynch Syndrome: EPCAM, MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, PMS2

Mismatch Repair Cancer Syndrome: MLH1, MSH2, MSH6, PMS2

**Mosaic Variegated Aneuploidy: BUB1B** 

**Seckel Syndrome 1: ATR** 

von Hippel-Lindau Syndrome: VHL

#### **Bone Cancers:**

Familial Osteosarcoma: TP53

Hereditary Bone Dysplasia with Malignant Fibrous Histiocytoma: MTAP

**Multiple Exostoses: EXT1, EXT2** 

**Rothmund-Thompson Syndrome: RECQL4** 

#### **Breast/Ovarian Cancers:**

<u>Hereditary Breast-Ovarian Cancer:</u> BARD1, BRCA1, BRCA2, CHEK2 (RAD53), RAD51B (RAD51L1), RAD51C, RAD51D (RAD51L3)

#### **Colorectal Cancers:**

Hereditary Adenomatous Polyposis: APC, MUTYH Hereditary Colorectal Cancer: GALNT12, MLH3 Oligodontia-Colorectal Cancer Syndrome: AXIN2

POLD1 & POLE Associated Colorectal Adenomas: POLD1, POLE

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#### **Endocrine Cancers:**

Hereditary Adrenal Pheochromocytoma: MAX, TMEM127, VHL

Hereditary Primary Pigmented Nodular Adrenocortical Disease: PDE11A, PRKAR1A

Hereditary Adrenal Hyperplasia: CYP21A2
Hereditary Isolated Pituitary Adenoma: AIP

Hereditary Thyroid Cancer: NDUFA13, NTRK1, RET

Hyperparathyroidism-Jaw Tumor Syndrome: CDC73

Multiple Endocrine Neoplasia: CDKN1B (p27KIP1), MEN1

**Pallister-Hall Syndrome:** GLI3

#### **GI Tract Cancers:**

Bannayan-Riley-Ruvalcaba Syndrome: PTEN

Hereditary Barrett Esophagus/Esophageal Adenocarcinoma: ASCC1, MSR1

**Hereditary Gastric Carcinoma: CDH1** 

Hereditary GIST: KIT (CD117), PDGFRA, SDHC

**Howel-Evans Syndrome:** RHBDF2

Juvenile Polyposis Syndrome: BMPR1A (ALK3), SMAD4

Peutz-Jeghers Syndrome: STK11 (LKB1)

#### **Head & Neck Cancers:**

**Dyskeratosis Congenita:** DKC1, RTEL1, TERT, TINF2

<u>Hereditary Cylindromatosis:</u> CYLD <u>Tuberous Sclerosis:</u> TSC1, TSC2

#### **Hematopoietic Cancers:**

<u>Ataxia Telangetasia:</u> ATM

Ataxia Telangetasia-like Disorder: MRE11A

<u>Chediak-Higashi Syndrome:</u> LYST <u>Familial Monocytic Leukemia:</u> GATA2

Hereditary Acute Myeloid Leukemia: CEBPA, RUNX1 (AML1)

Hereditary Hodgkin Lymphoma: KLHDC8B Nijmegen Breakage Syndrome: NBN (NBS1) Nijmegen Breakage-like Syndrome: RAD50 Schwachman-Diamond Syndrome: SBDS

**TERT Mutation-Associated Haematological Disorders: TERT** 

**Wiskott-Aldrich Syndrome: WAS** 

#### **Kidney Cancers:**

<u>Birt-Hogg-Dube Syndrome:</u> FLCN <u>Denys-Drash Syndrome:</u> WT1

Hereditary Leiomyomatosis & Renal Cell Cancer: FH

Hereditary Melanoma & Renal Cancer: MET, MITF

Hereditary Wilms' Tumor: POU6F2, WT1

Perlman Syndrome: DIS3L2

#### **Liver Cancers:**

**Hemochromatosis: HFE** 

Porphyria Cutanea Tarda: UROD

**Tyrosinemia: FAH** 

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#### **Nervous System Cancers:**

Carney-Stratakis Syndrome: PRKAR1A, SDHAF2, SDHB, SDHD

**Hereditary Medulloblastoma: SUFU** 

Hereditary Neuroblastoma: ALK, KIF1B, PHOX2B

<u>Hereditary Paragangliomas:</u> SDHA <u>Neurofibromatosis:</u> NF1, NF2

Retinoblastoma: RB1

Rhabdoid Predisposition Syndrome: SMARCA4, SMARCB1

**Schwannomatosis: SMARCB1** 

Simpson-Golabi-Behmel Syndrome: GPC3

#### **Skin Cancers:**

**Basal Cell Nevus Syndrome: PTCH1, PTCH2** 

**Birt-Hogg-Dube Syndrome: FLCN** 

Familial Multiple Glomus Tumors: GLMN Familial Multiple Trichoepithelioma: CYLD

Familial Uveal Melanoma: BAP1

Ferguson-Smith Syndrome: TGFBR1 (ALK5)

Hereditary Epidermodysplasia Verruciformis: TMC6, TMC8

Hereditary Leiomyomatosis & Renal Cell Cancer: FH

Hereditary Malignant Melanoma: CDK4, CDKN2A (p16INK4), MC1R, MITF, XRCC3

**Muir-Torre Syndrome:** MSH2

Palmoplantar Keratoderma & Squamous Cell Carcinoma: RSPO1

Xeroderma Pigmentosum: DDB2, ERCC2 (XPD), ERCC3 (XPB), ERCC4, ERCC5, ERCC6, POLH, XPA, XPC

### **Soft Tissue Cancers:**

<u>Hereditary Infantile Hemangioma:</u> ANTXR1, KDR (VEGFR3)

<u>Juvenile Hyaline Fibromatosis:</u> ANTXR2 <u>Opitz Trigonocephaly Syndrome:</u> CD96

**Proteus Syndrome: PTEN** 

**SC Phocomelia Syndrome: ESCO2** 

Werner Syndrome: WRN

#### **Other Cancers:**

<u>Familial Pancreatic Cancer:</u> BRCA2, PALB2, PALLD <u>Hereditary Pleuropulmonary Blastoma:</u> DICER1

Hereditary Prostate Cancer: BRCA2, EHBP1, EPHB2, MSMB, MSR1, RNASEL

#### **Other Gene:**

CHEK1